Optimal Design of a Natural Gas Transmission Network Layout

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Abstract

Optimal design of a natural gas network, which is supposed to convey natural gas from a

supply point in south of Iran to some delivery points in north and northwest of Iran, is

presented in this paper. Sum of investment and operating costs constitutes the objective

function of the present study. A wide range of design parameters, including the network

layout, diameter of each pipeline, pressure value at each supply or delivery node, as well as

number and locations of compressor stations (CSs) on each pipeline, were considered in the

optimization problem. A Genetic Algorithm (GA) which exploits "optimal properties of single

pipelines" was presented and used as the optimization tool. Short computation time and

repeatability of results ensures achieving the global optimum solution and are positive

features of the proposed optimization algorithm. The optimal network design obtained from

the optimization procedure consisted of 2660 kilometers of pipelines and 26 CSs. It required a

total annual cost of about 366.15 M\$/year. The results explain why the layout with the

shortest total length is not the optimal choice.

Keywords: Natural Gas Transmission Network; Optimal Design; Network Layout;

Genetic Algorithm

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